



Hadronic resonance production with the ALICE experiment in pp and Pb-Pb collisions at LHC energies



Sergey Kiselev (ITEP Moscow) for the ALICE collaboration

- Motivation
- Analysis details
- **pp@7 TeV: $K^*(892)^0$, $\phi(1020)$, $\Sigma(1385)$**
- **Pb-Pb@2.76 ATeV: $K^*(892)^0$, $\phi(1020)$**
- Summary

Motivation

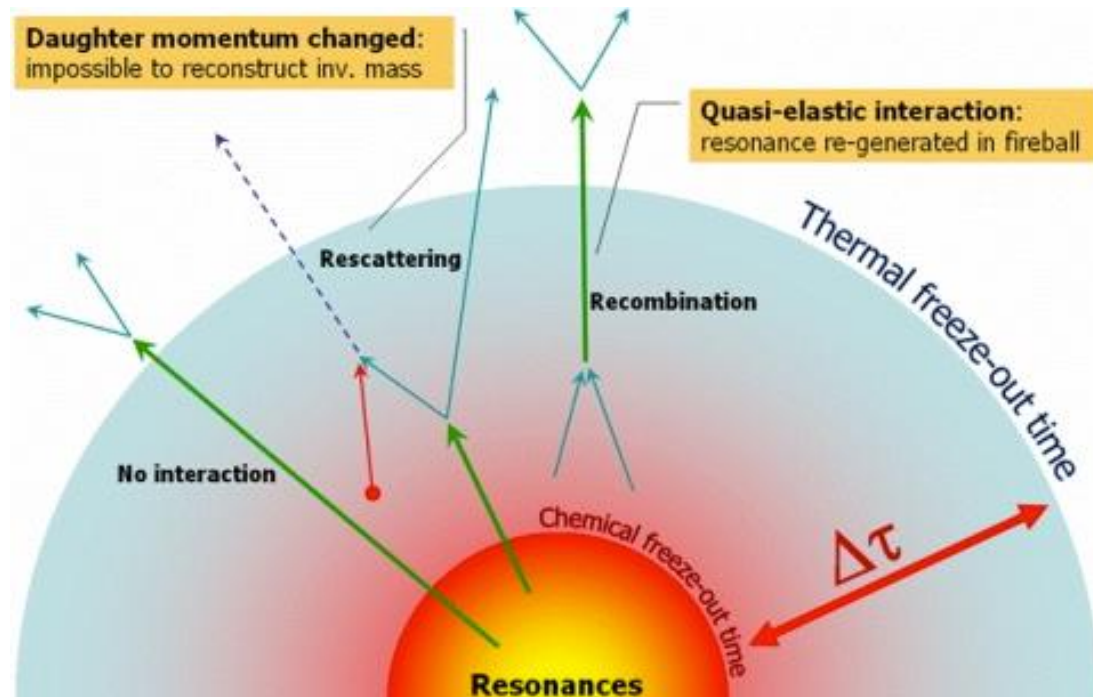
- **pp collisions:**

- ✓ reference for tuning QCD-inspired event generators
- ✓ the baseline for heavy-ion collisions

Resonance	Γ (MeV)	$c\tau$ (fm)	Decay
$\mathbf{K^*(892)^0}$	50	4	$\boldsymbol{\pi + K}$
$\boldsymbol{\phi(1020)}$	4.3	46	$\mathbf{K^+ + K^-}$
$\boldsymbol{\Sigma(1385)^\pm}$	36	6	$\boldsymbol{\Lambda + \pi^\pm}$

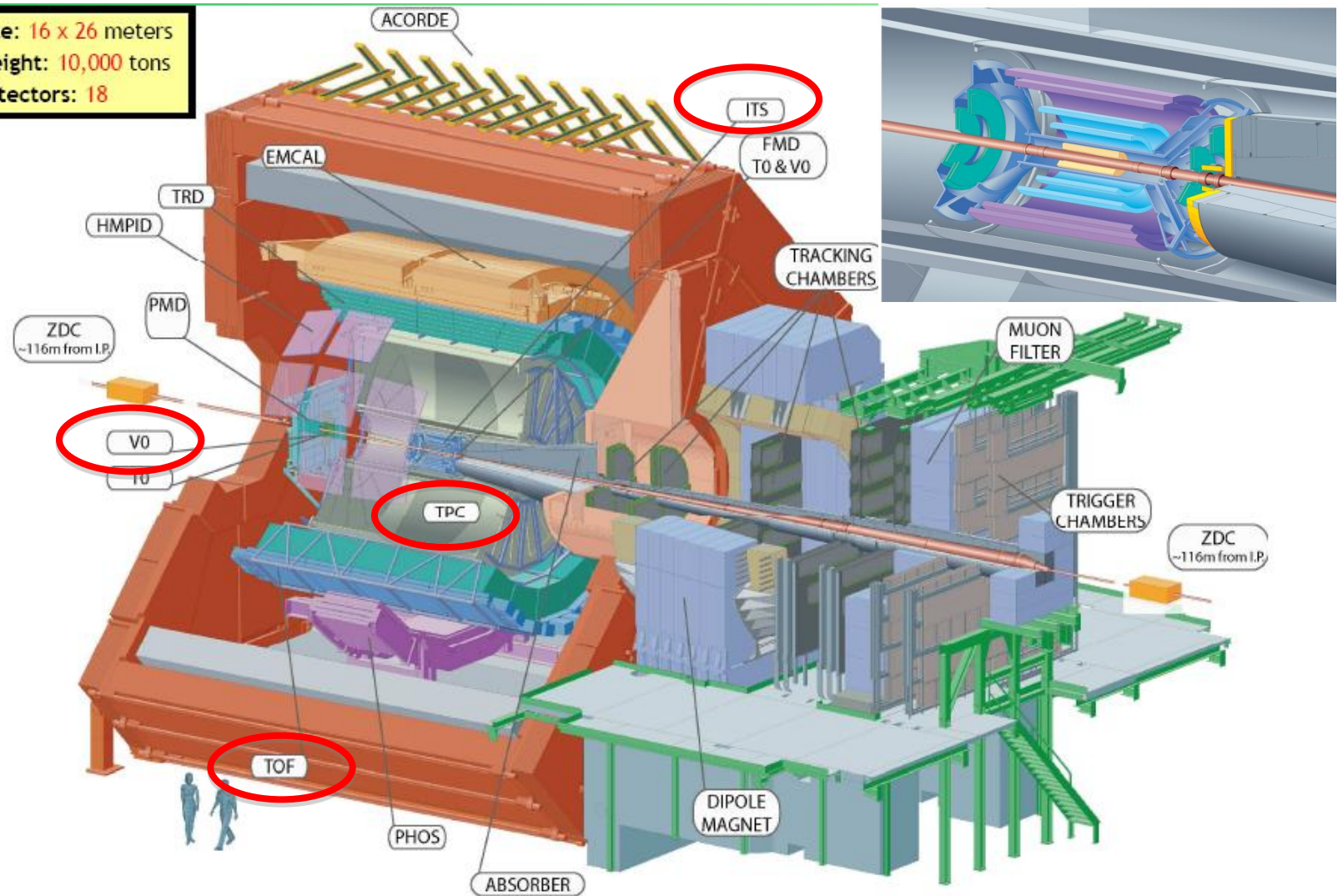
- **AA collisions:**

- ✓ restoration of chiral symmetry
- modification of width, mass and branching ratio
- ✓ regeneration and rescattering effects
- timescale between chemical and kinetic freeze-out



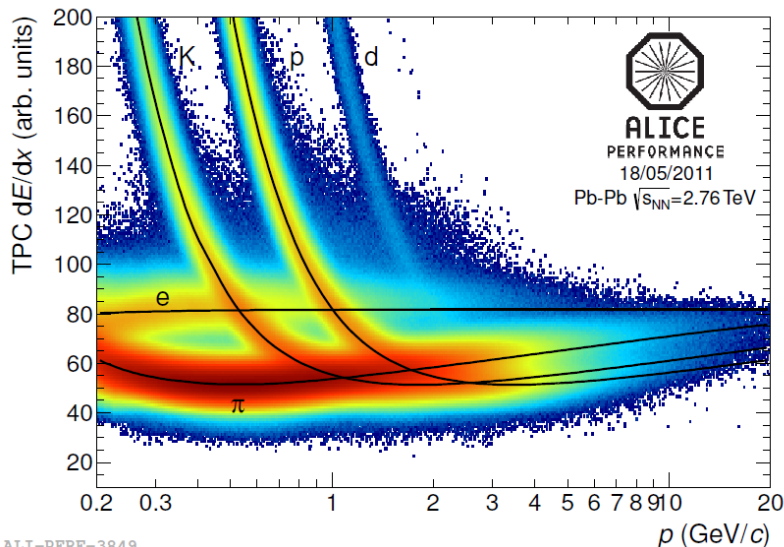
ALICE detector

Size: 16 x 26 meters
Weight: 10,000 tons
Detectors: 18



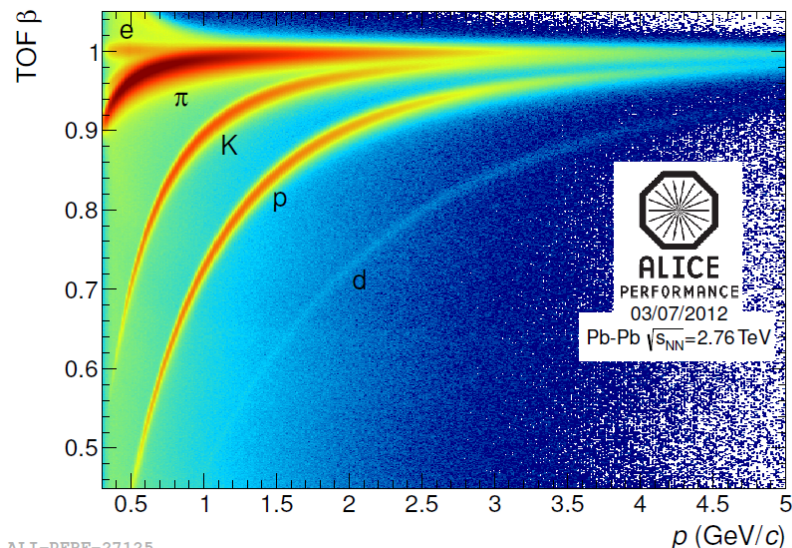
Particle identification, centrality in Pb-Pb

TPC resolution $\sim 5 - 6\%$



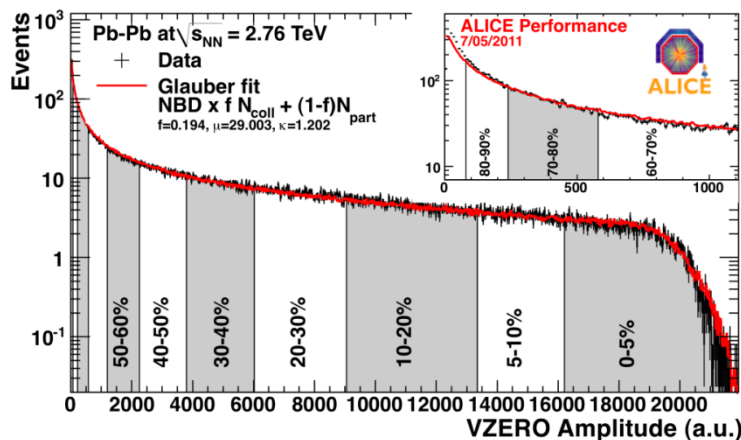
ALI-PERF-3849

TOF resolution ~ 90 ps



ALI-PERF-27125

Pb-Pb: centrality selection using VZERO



data collected by ALICE during 2010 and used for resonance analyses:

pp@7 GeV: ~ 60 Mevents for K^* , ϕ
 ~ 200 Mevents for Σ^*

Pb-Pb@2.76 AGeV: ~ 10 Mevents

central rapidity region: $|y| < 0.5$

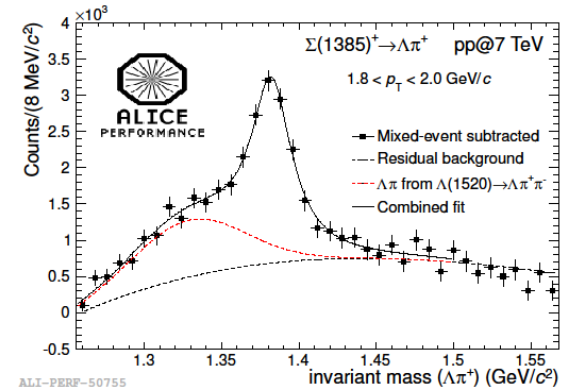
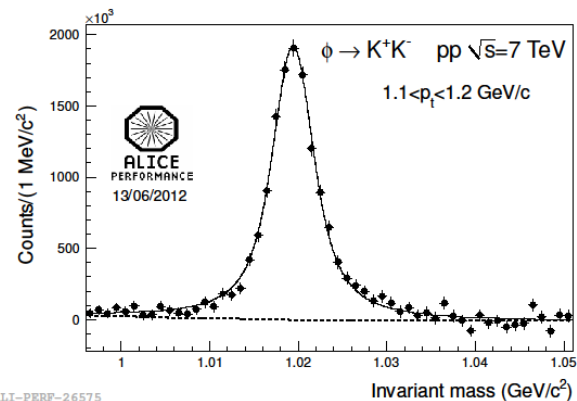
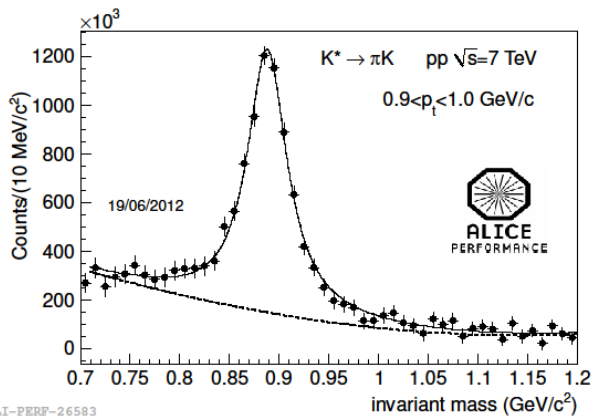
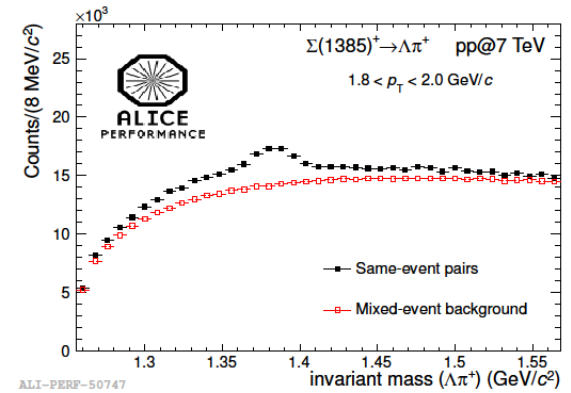
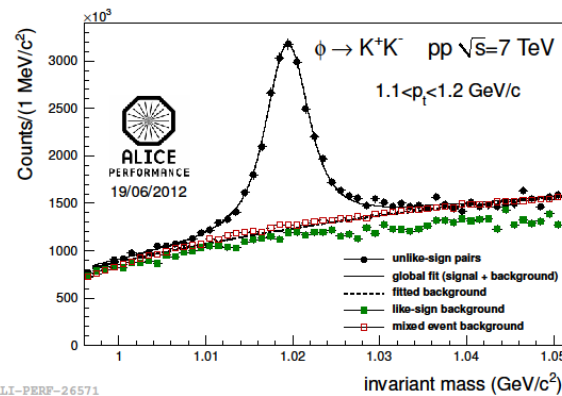
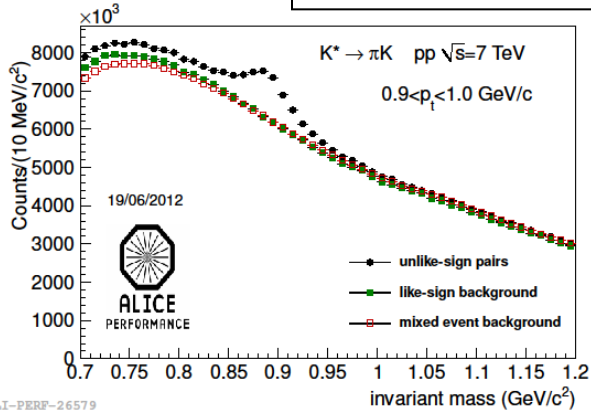
pp: signal extraction

K^*

ϕ

Σ^*

ALICE Coll. EPJ C72(2012)2183



combinatorial background: mixed-event or like-sign techniques

fit: Breit-Wigner (Voigtian for ϕ) + polynomial

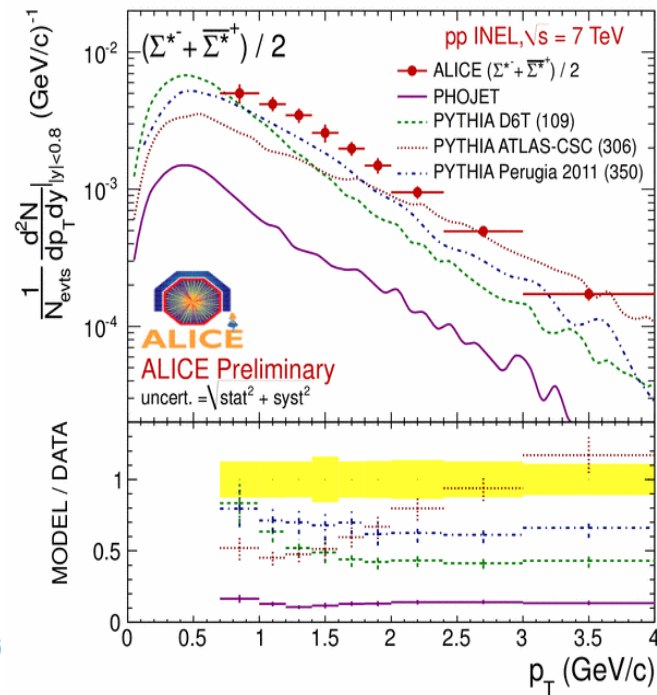
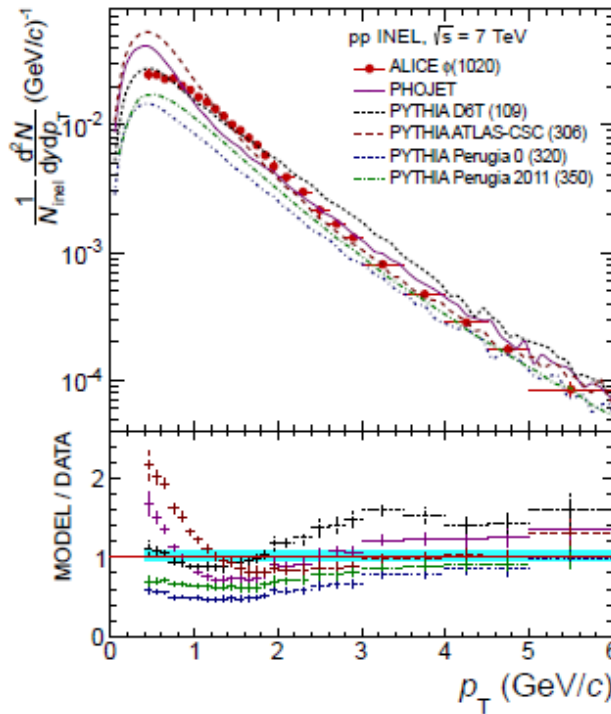
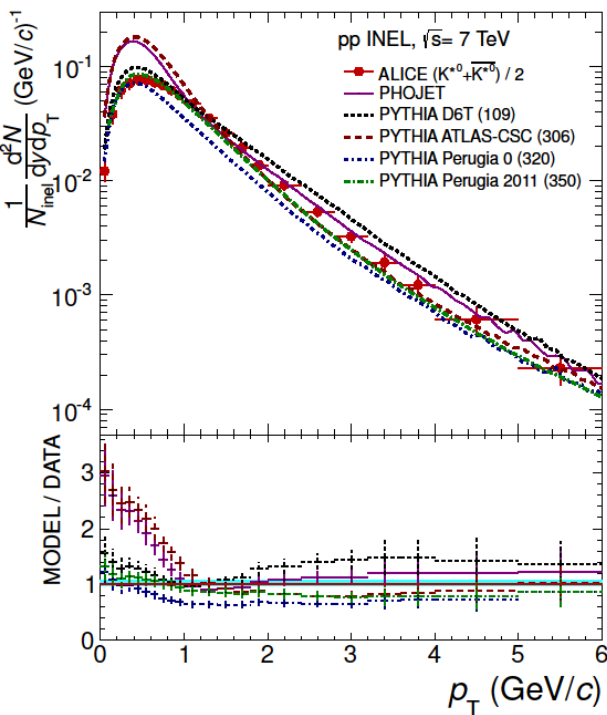
pp: p_T spectrum

K^*

ϕ

Σ^*

ALICE Coll. EPJ C72(2012)2183

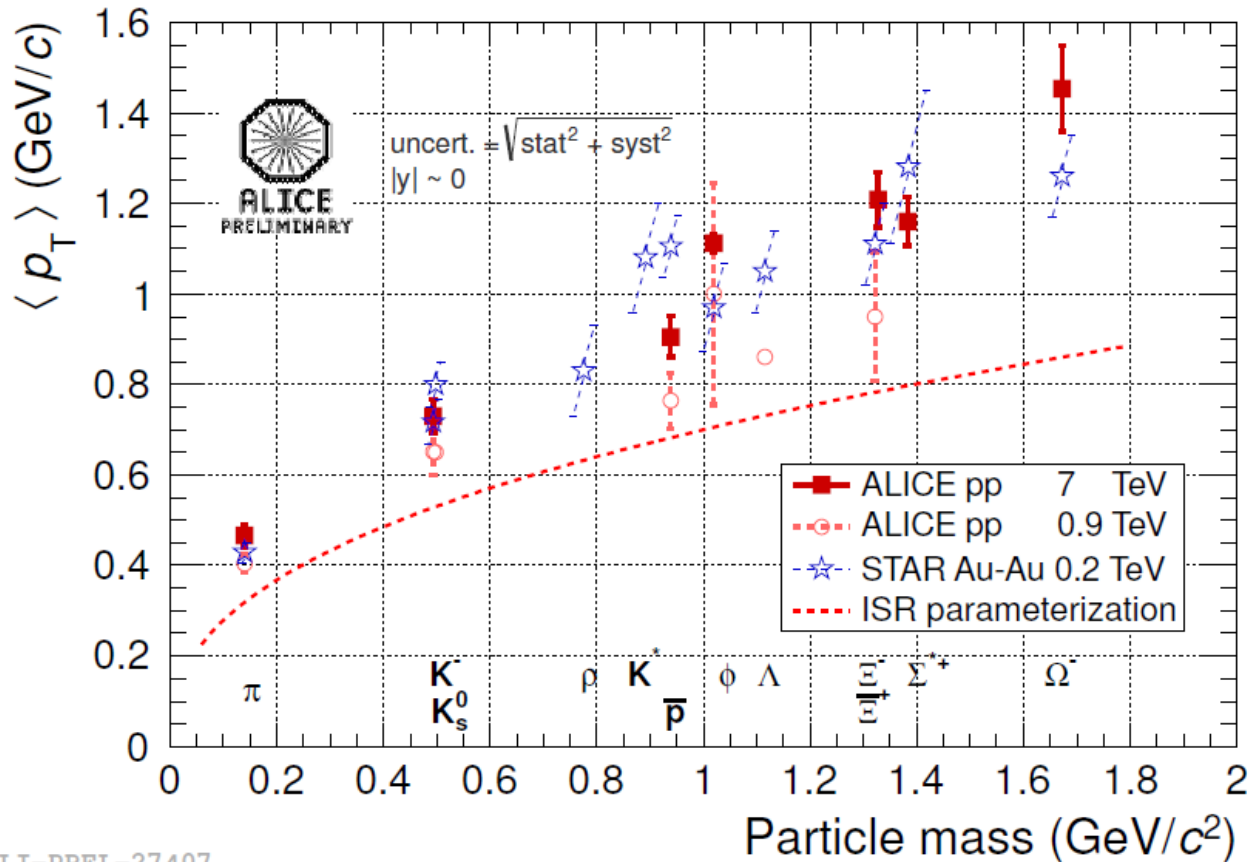


PYTHIA Perugia 2011

$p_T < 2$ GeV/c: PYTHIA D6T
 $p_T > 3$ GeV/c: PYTHIA
 Perugia 2011

The models underpredict the data

pp: $\langle p_T \rangle$



ALI-PREL-27407

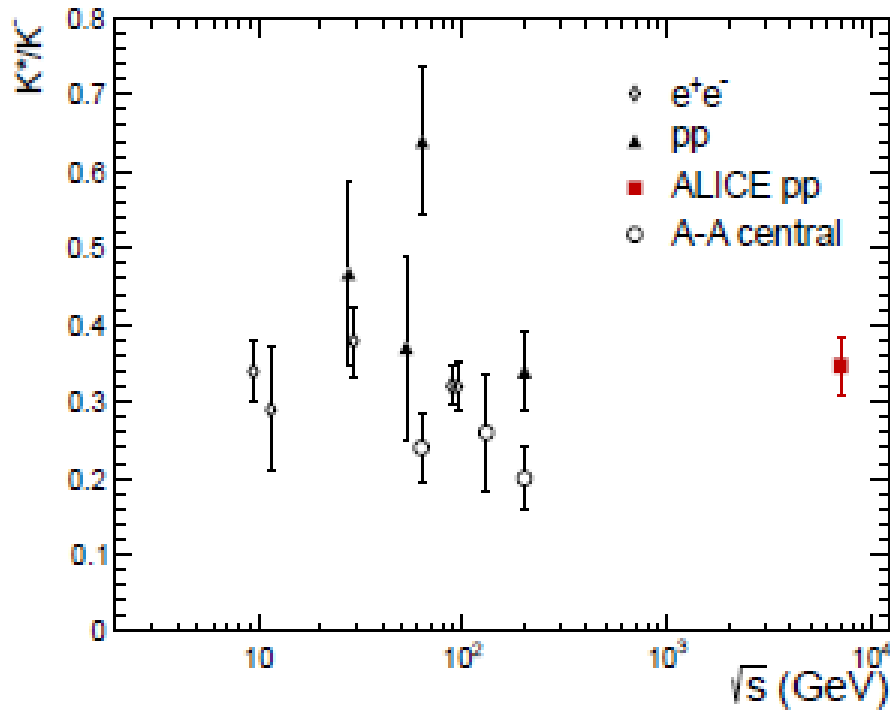
resonance $\langle p_T \rangle$ in agreement with the trend drawn by other particles at 7 TeV

$\langle p_T \rangle$ for π , K and p in pp at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV, Phys.Rev.C 79(2009)34909, is still compatible with ISR parameterization ($\sqrt{s} = 25$ GeV, Nucl.Phys.B 114(1976)334)

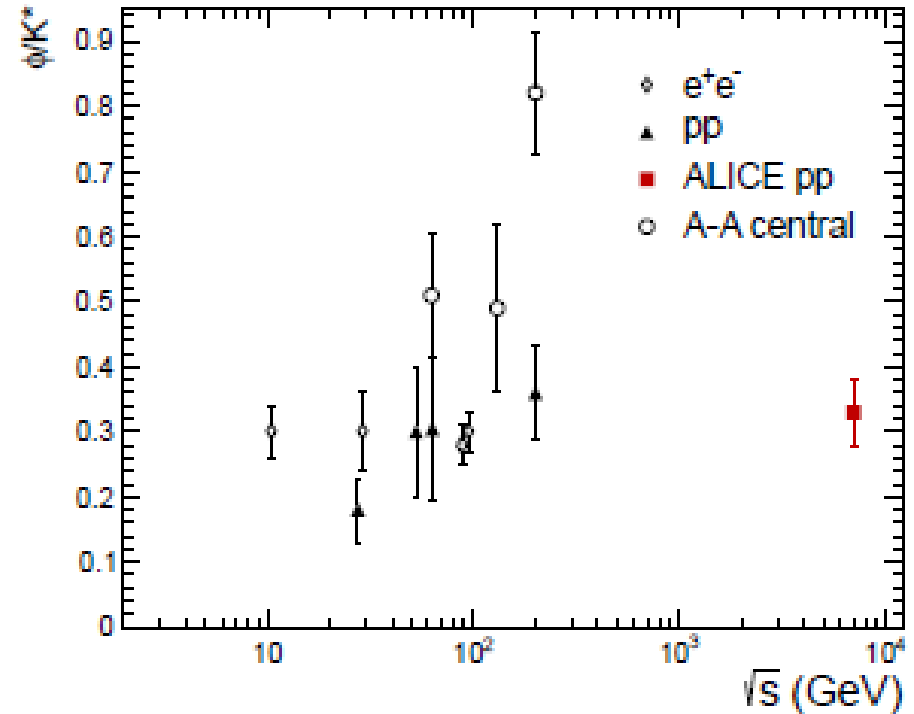
pp: particle ratios

ALICE Coll. EPJ C72(2012)2183

K^*/K^-



ϕ/K^*



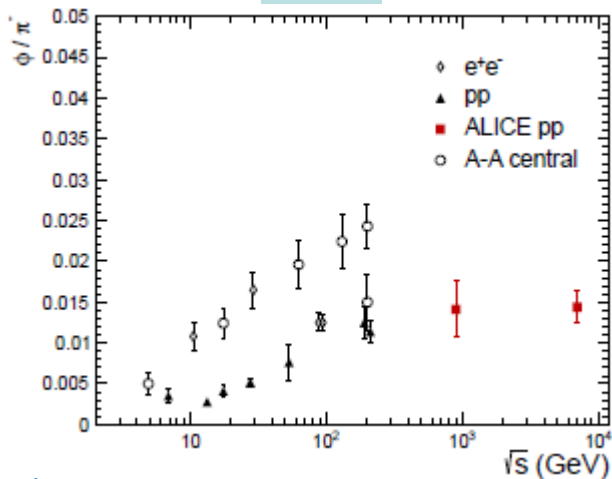
both K^*/K^- and ϕ/K^* independent of \sqrt{s}

pp: particle ratios

ϕ/π

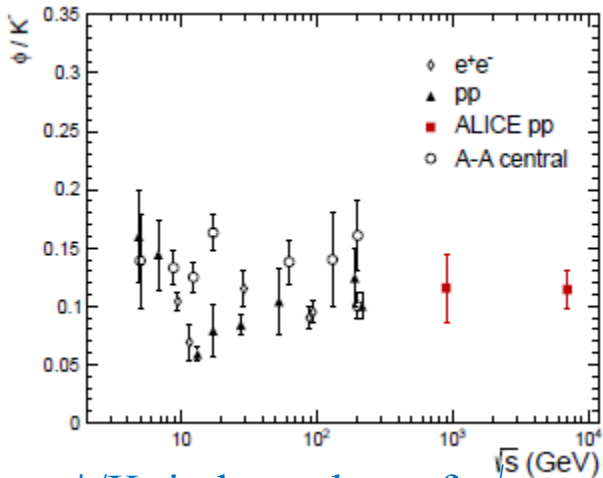
ALICE Coll. EPJ C72(2012)2183

Ω/ϕ

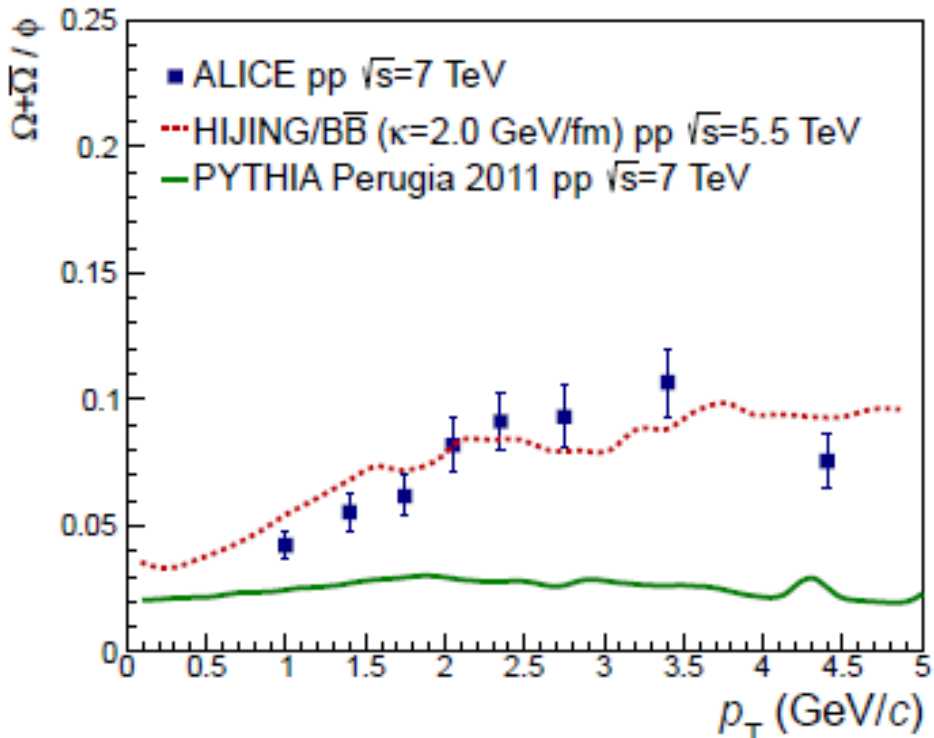


ϕ/π : saturates above 200 GeV

ϕ/K



ϕ/K : independent of \sqrt{s}

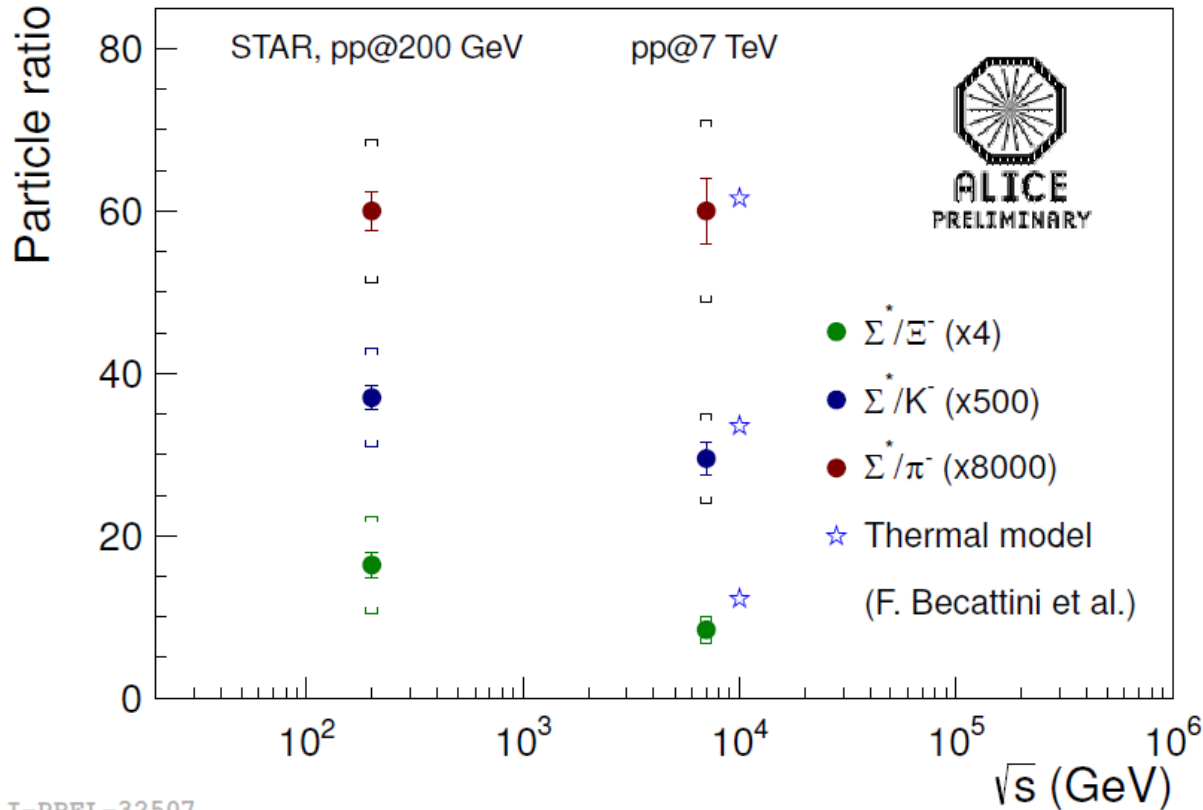


Ω/ϕ : not reproduced by Pythia Perugia 2011

agreement with a prediction of HIJING/BB model with a Strong Color Field modeled with increased string tension

pp: particle ratios

Σ^*



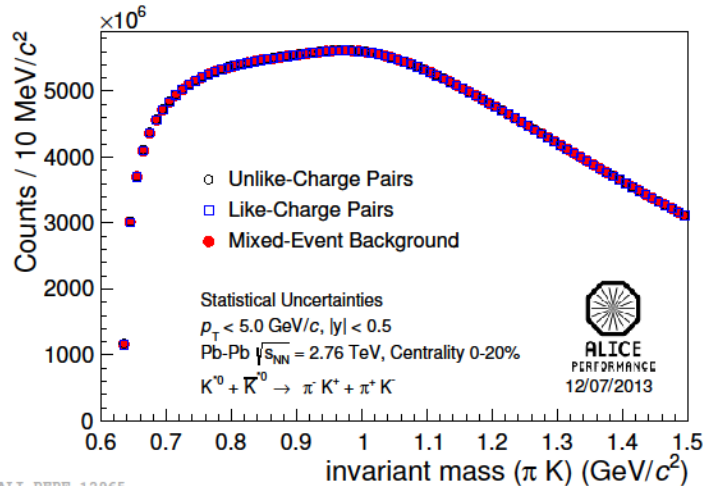
ALI-PREL-32507

Σ^*/π^- : independent of \sqrt{s}
 Σ^*/K^- : independent of \sqrt{s}
 Σ^*/Ξ^- : hint of a decrease with \sqrt{s}

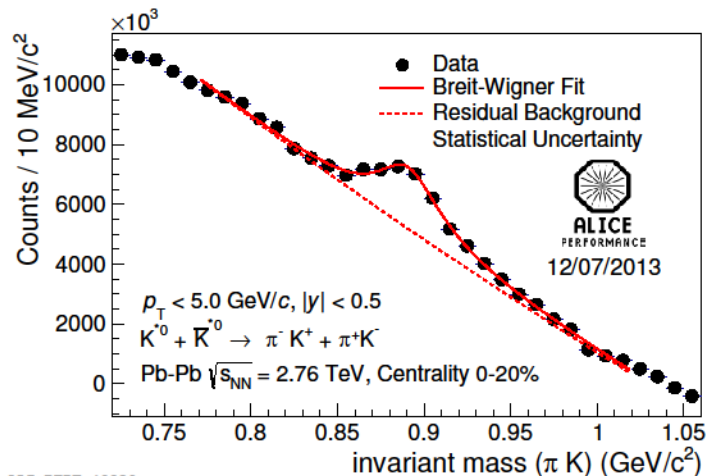
Σ^*/π^- and Σ^*/K^- :
 agree with Becattini thermal model
 (arXiv:0912.2855), $\gamma_s = 0.6$, $T=170$ MeV

Pb-Pb: signal extraction

K^*

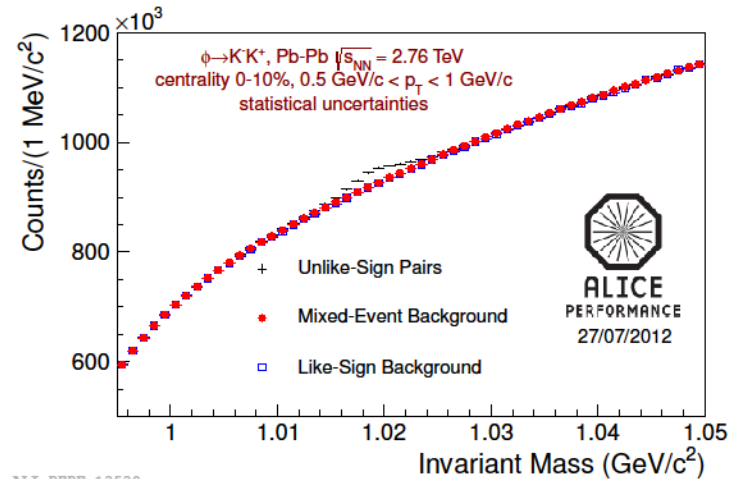


ALI-PERF-12965

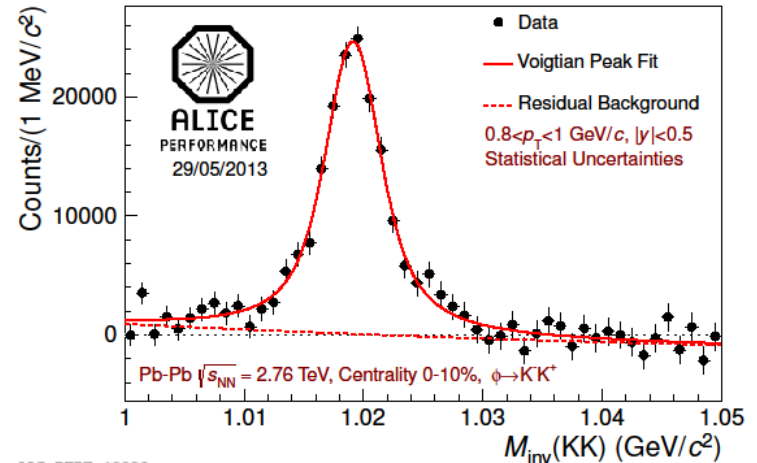


ALI-PERF-49238

ϕ



ALI-PERF-13530

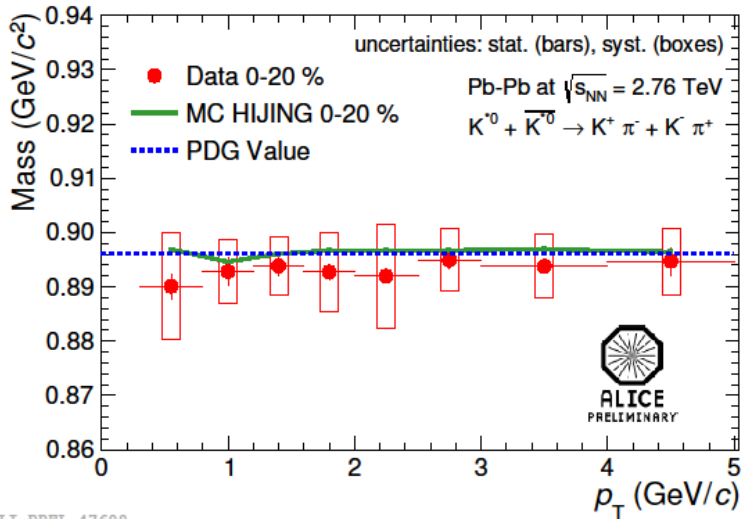


ALI-PERF-49230

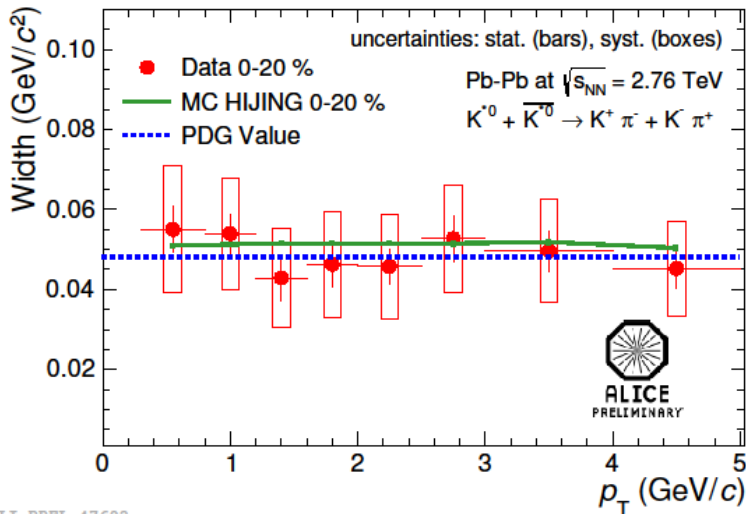
combinatorial background: mixed-event or like-sign techniques
fit: Breit-Wigner (Voigtian for ϕ) + polynomial

Pb-Pb: mass and width

K^*

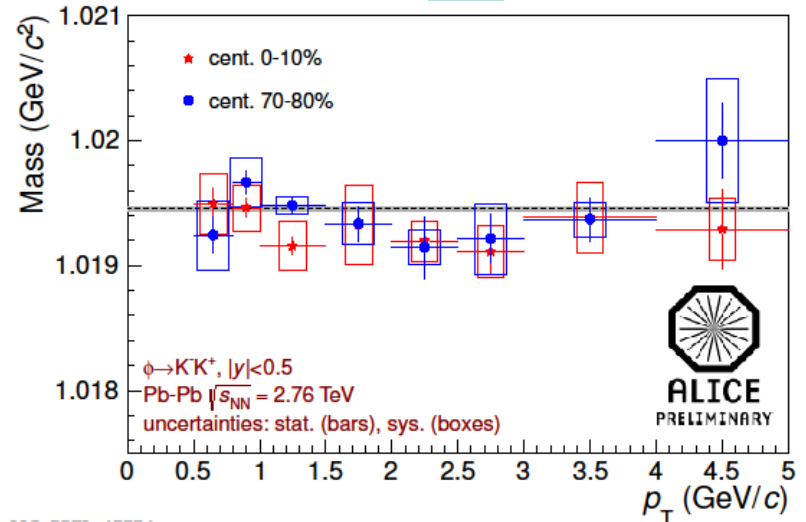


ALI-PREL-47688

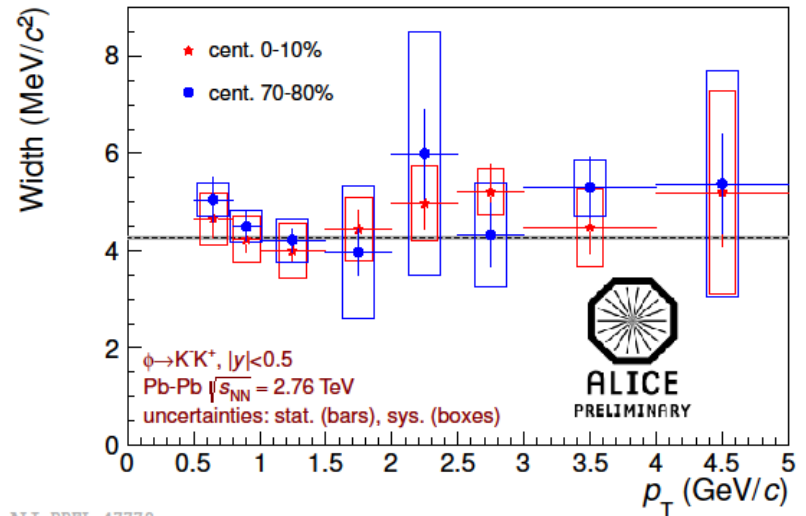


ALI-PREL-47692

ϕ



ALI-PREL-47774



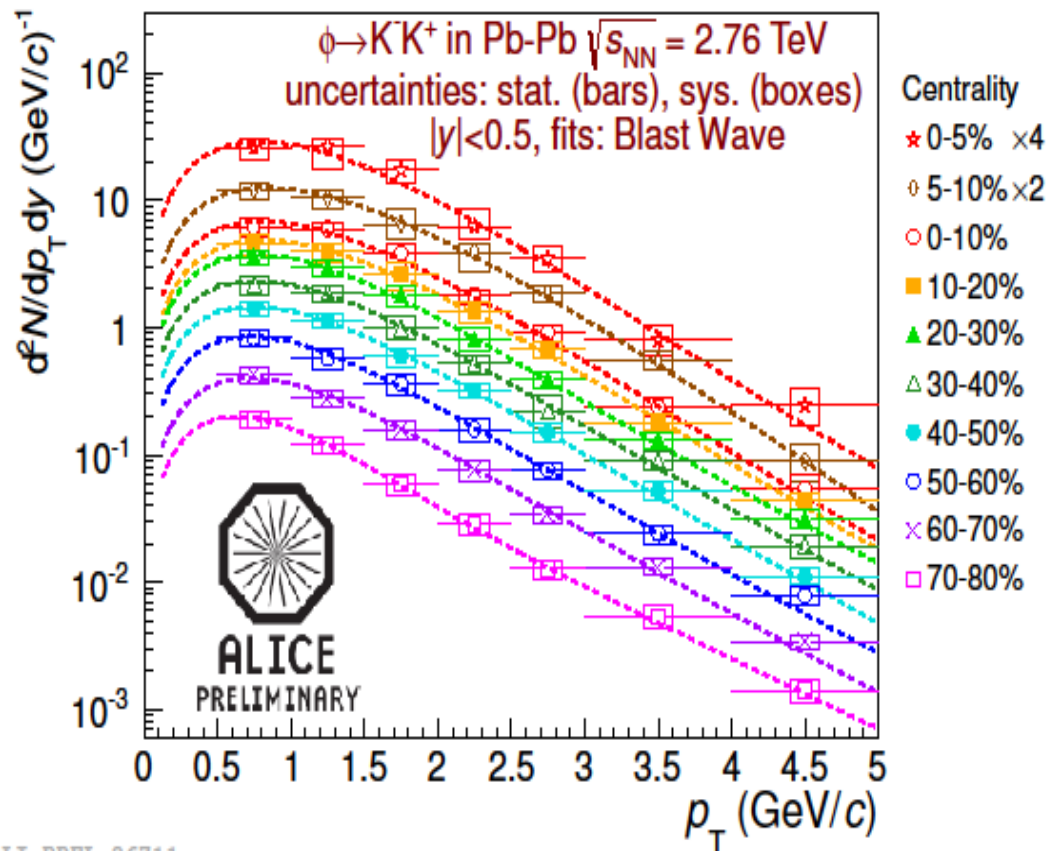
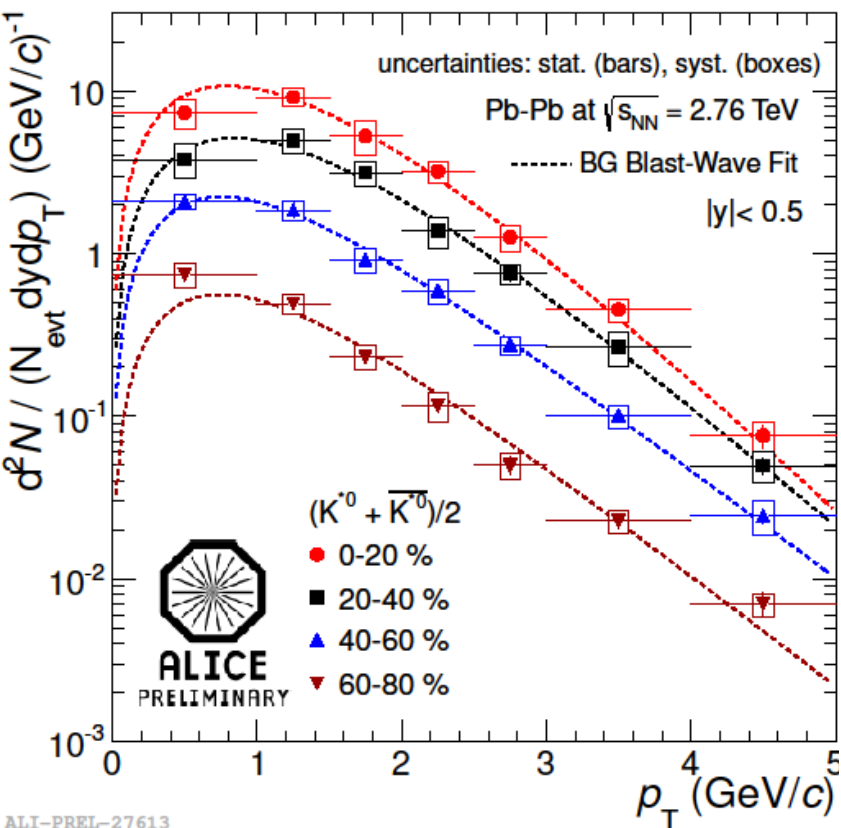
ALI-PREL-47778

masses and widths compatible with PDG values

Pb-Pb: p_T spectrum

K^*

ϕ

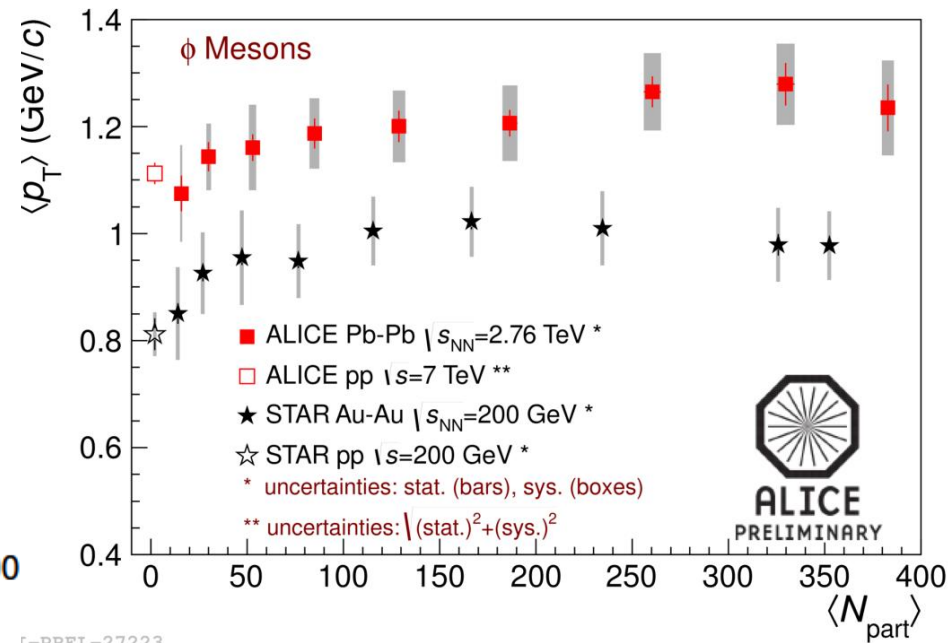
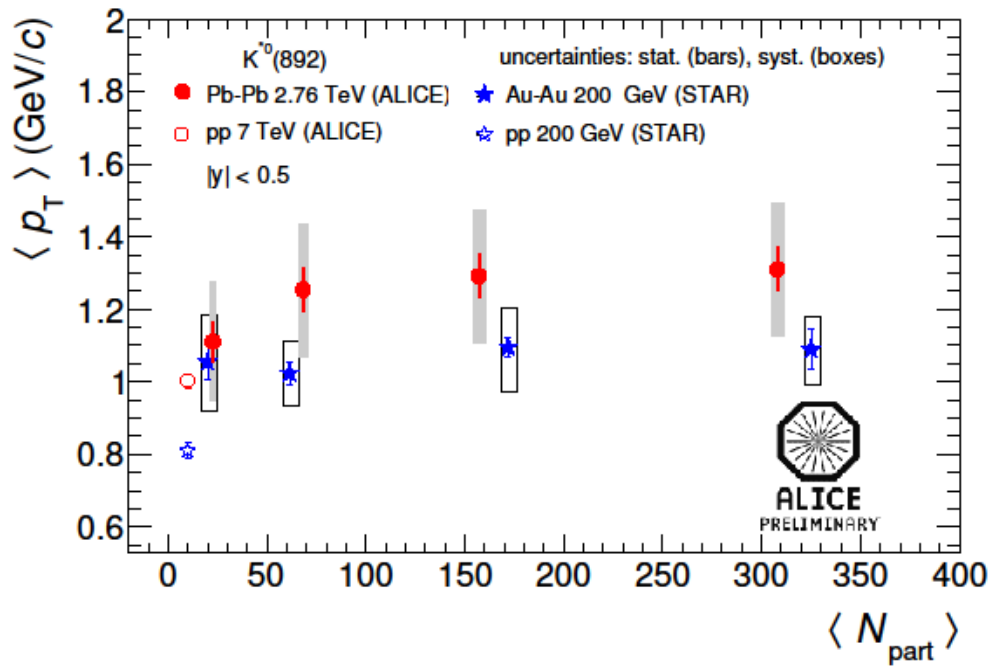


fit: Blast-Wave function, Phys.Rev. C48(1993)2462

Pb-Pb: $\langle p_T \rangle$

K^*

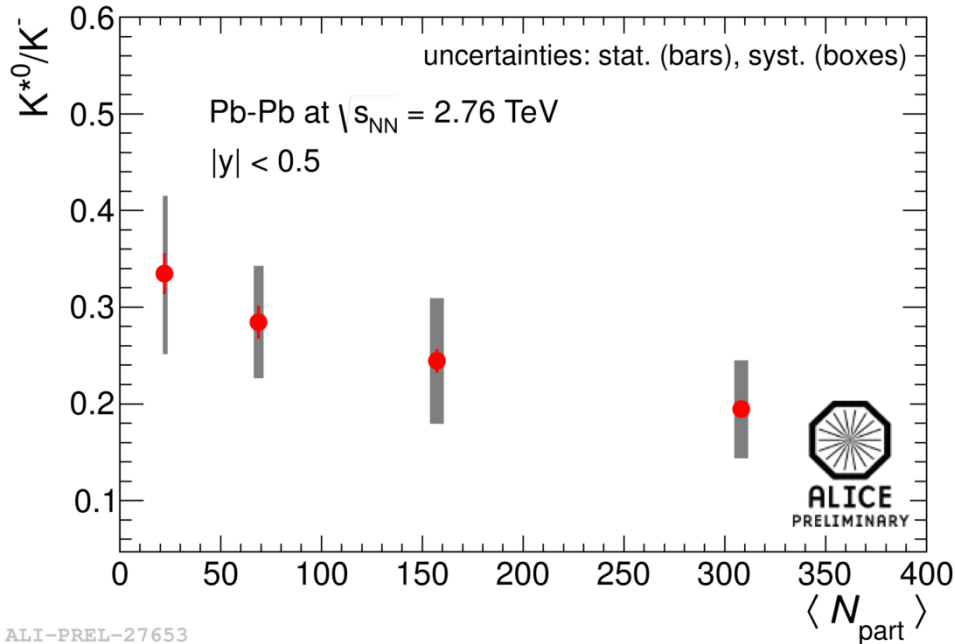
ϕ



$$\langle p_T \rangle_{\text{LHC}} > \langle p_T \rangle_{\text{RHIC}}$$

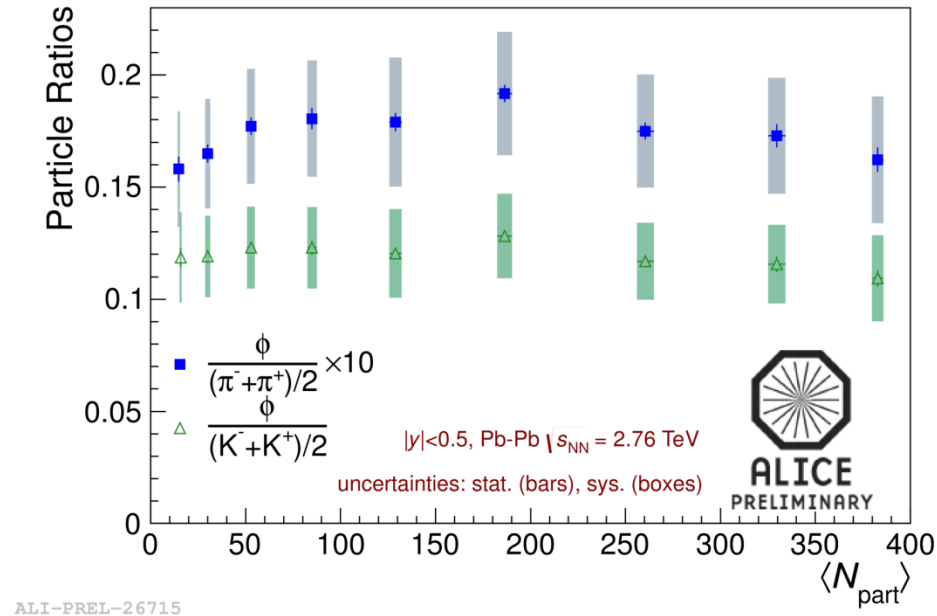
Pb-Pb: particle ratios vs. $\langle N_{part} \rangle$

K^*



K^*0/K^- : hint for a decreasing trend
 → a possible increase in rescattering effects
 for central collisions

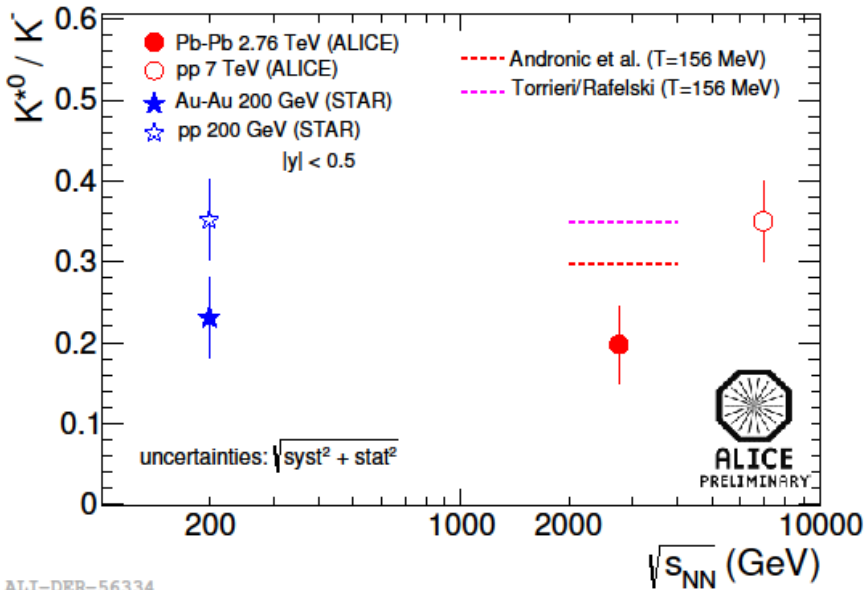
ϕ



ϕ/π , ϕ/K : independent of collision centrality

Pb-Pb: particle ratios vs. $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$

K^*



ALI-DER-56334

$(K^*/K)_{AA} < (K^*/K)_{pp}$
 \rightarrow rescattering effects ?

Thermal models:

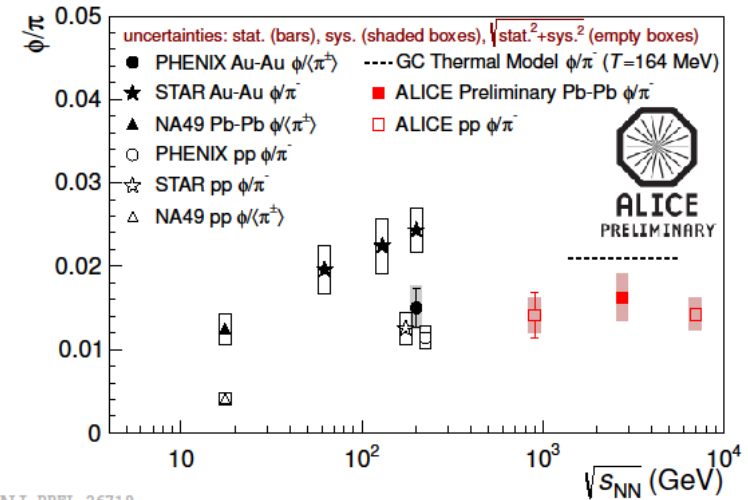
Andronic et al., Phys.Lett.B 673(2009)142

Torrieri/Rafelski, J.Phys.G 28(2002)1911

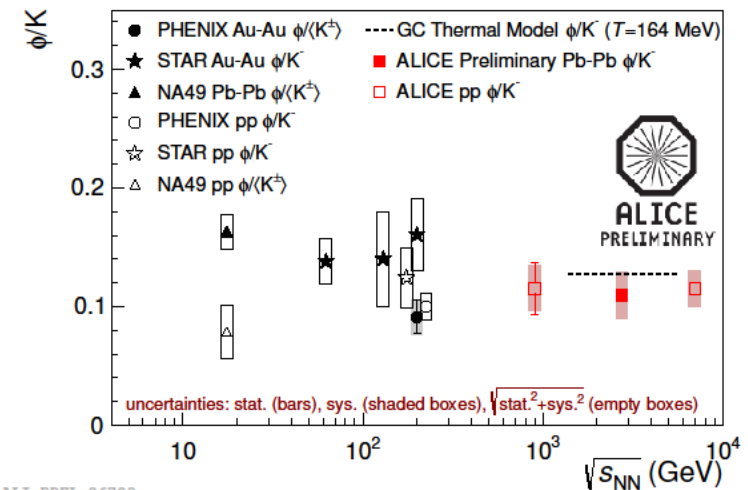
GC Thermal model, J.Phys.G 38(2011)124081

22-28 Aug 2013

ϕ



ALI-PREL-26719



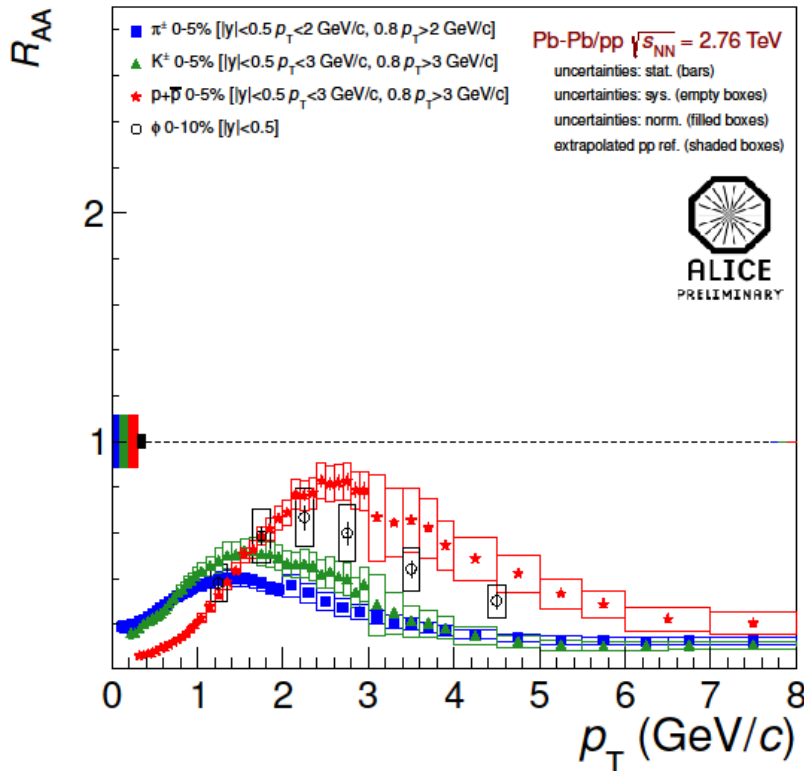
ALI-PREL-26723

$\phi/\pi, \phi/K$: independent of \sqrt{s}

Pb-Pb: R_{AA} and R_{CP}

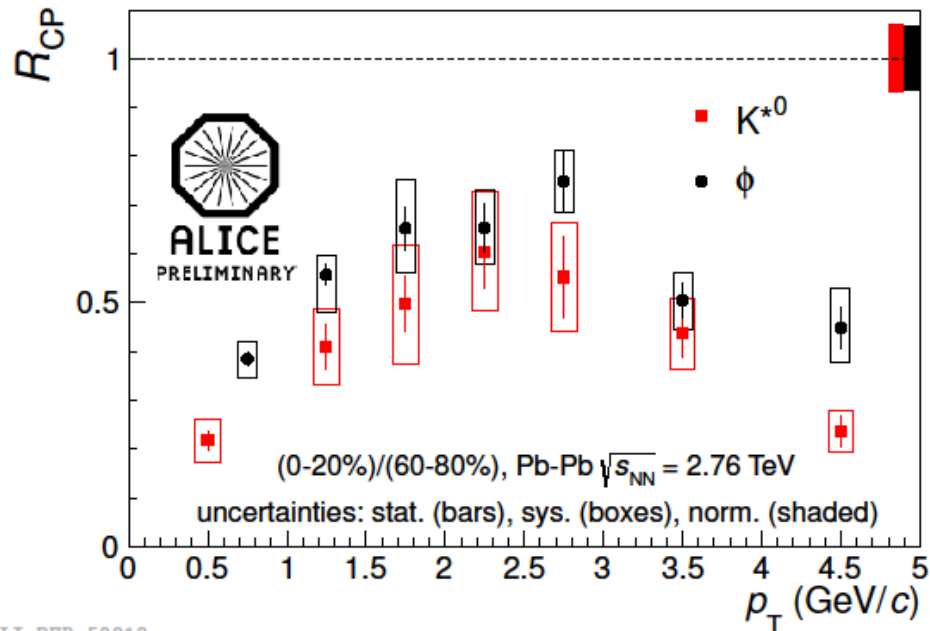
$$R_{AA} = \frac{1/N_{coll} d\sigma(AA)/dp_T}{d\sigma(pp)/dp_T}$$

$$R_{CP} = \frac{1/N_{coll} (0-20\%) d\sigma(0-20\%)/dp_T}{1/N_{coll} (60-80\%) d\sigma(60-80\%)/dp_T}$$



ALI-PREL-56054

$$R_{AA}(\pi, K) \leq R_{AA}(\phi) \leq R_{AA}(p)$$



ALI-DER-50912

$R_{CP}(K^*)$ tends to be lower than $R_{CP}(\phi)$,
 but same within uncertainties

Summary: pp

pp@7 TeV: $K^*(892)^0$, $\phi(1020)$, $\Sigma(1385)$

- ✓ none of PHOJET and PYTHIA tunes give a fully satisfactory description of p_T spectrum. In particular they underestimate strange baryon resonances yields
- ✓ particle ratios:
 - K^*/K^- , K^*/ϕ and ϕ/K are independent of \sqrt{s}
 - ϕ/π : saturates above $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV
 - Ω/ϕ : not reproduced by PYTHIA, agrees with HIJING/BB model with a Strong Color Field modeled with increased string tension
 - Σ^*/π^- and Σ^*/K^- : independent of \sqrt{s} , agree with the thermal model
 - Σ^*/Ξ^- : hint of a decrease with \sqrt{s} , overpredicted by the thermal model

Summary: Pb-Pb

Pb-Pb@2.76 ATeV: $K^*(892)^0$, $\phi(1020)$

- ✓ masses and widths compatible with PDG values
- ✓ $\langle p_T \rangle_{\text{LHC}} > \langle p_T \rangle_{\text{RHIC}}$
- ✓ particle ratios:
 - ϕ/K , $\phi/\pi \rightarrow$ independent of collision centrality and \sqrt{s}
 - $K^*/K^- \rightarrow$ hint of decrease with centrality
 \rightarrow rescattering effects ?
 - $(K^*/K^-)_{\text{AA}} < (K^*/K^-)_{\text{pp}} \rightarrow$ rescattering effects ?
- ✓ R_{AA} and R_{CP} :
 - high p_T suppression in central events
 - $R_{\text{AA}}(\pi, K) \leq R_{\text{AA}}(\phi) \leq R_{\text{AA}}(p)$